

Understanding migrant rights to NHS care in Primary Care



LEARNING AIMS

- 1. Understand what is meant by: refugee, asylum seeker and undocumented migrant;
- 2. Understand entitlement to primary care;
- 3. Be aware of the barriers faced by migrants in accessing NHS care;
- Have an awareness of Safe Surgeries good practice to improve access;
- Be able to talk about why access to healthcare is important.



- Primary care clinic in East London for people with difficulty accessing mainstream NHS;
- Mobile clinic outreach across London;
- Staffed by volunteer GPs, nurses & support workers;
- Caseworkers help get patients into mainstream NHS services;
- Influencing health policy and practice.

WHO COMES TO THE CLINIC? CHINA PHILLIPINES INDIA 10.6% BANGLADESH came from 83 other countries

- 1,600-2,000 patients are supported by the DoTW clinic every year.
- Most are undocumented migrants (almost 2/3) and asylum seekers.
- Patients had been in UK on average 6 years before coming to us.
- Approx. 1/3 are homeless or live in unstable accommodation.
- Approx. 3/4 live below poverty line.



EXERCISE 1: DEFINING TERMS

Asylum seeker

Refugee

Refused asylum seeker

Someone who enters or stays in the UK without the documents required under immigration regulations.

A person whose asylum application has been unsuccessful.

Someone whose asylum application has been successful; the Government recognises they are unable to return to their country of origin owing to a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons provided for in the Refugee Convention 1951 or European Convention on Human Rights.

Undocumented migrant

A person who has left their country of origin and applied for asylum in another country but whose application has not yet been concluded.



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WHO ARE UNDOCUMENTED MIGRANTS?

'Undocumented' migrants find themselves without the right documents for a variety of reasons, often beyond their control.

People who don't claim asylum due to lack of legal advice

Refused asylum seekers

People who came to the UK as children with undocumented parents

People who came to UK to work without a visa

People on spousal visas whose relationship breaks down People
whose visa
has expired
(student/
working)

Domestic workers on expired visas which their employer doesn't renew

Survivors of trafficking





Accessing primary care



- Josephine (37) fled Uganda because of persecution related to her sexuality.
- In Uganda, her family had forced into a marriage with a man who was abusive and raped her.
- She was 27 weeks pregnant when she arrived in the UK and was able to move in with a friend.
- Her first application for asylum was denied and she is working with her solicitor to begin an appeal.



WHAT IS JOSEPHINE'S IMMIGRATION STATUS?

WHAT BARRIERS IS SHE LIKELY TO FACE IN SEEKING HEALTHCARE?

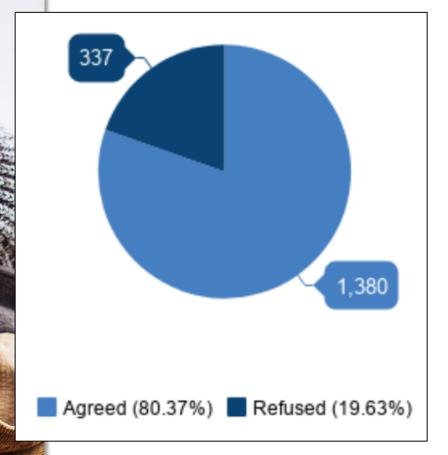
The main reasons our patients haven't been able to register with a GP are:

- Lack of ID / proof of address;
- Lack of understanding of how to access services;
- Language barriers;
- Refusal by NHS staff;
- Fear of arrest.

REGISTRATION REFUSED

A study on access to GP registration in England

Update 2017



Of 1,717 attempts by DOTW to register patients with a GP in 2017, 1/5 were wrongly refused.

Excludes catchment area/closed list refusals.





PRIMARY CARE ENTITLEMENT



Primary Medical Care Policy and Guidance Manual (PGM)



Primary Medical Care Policy and Guidance Manual (NHS England, 2017):

Nationality and immigration status are *not* relevant to GP registration:

"anybody in England may register and consult with a GP without charge".



Primary Medical Care Policy and Guidance Manual (NHS England, 2017):

Inability by a patient to provide **proof of address/ID** "would not be considered reasonable grounds to refuse to register a patient" or withhold appointments.

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covering your NHS costs from your home country

7: Identification number of the institution 8: Identification number of the card

ease tick if you have an S1 (e.g. you are retiring to the UK or you have been posted here by your employer for ork or you live in the UK but work in another EEA member state). Please give your S1 form to the practice staff. ow will your EHIC/PRC/S1 data be used? By using your EHIC or PRC for NHS treatment costs your EHIC or PRC data and GP appointment data will be shared with NHS secondary core (hospitals) and NHS Digital solely for the purposes of

our EHIC, PRC or \$1 information will be shared with The Department for Work and Pensions for the purpose of



GMS Guidance for GMS contract 2017/18 (August 2017):

"Overseas patients are **not** required to complete the new supplementary questions of the GMS1 [on residency status] in order to register with the practice".



- Some patients living in the practice area will be unable to prove it.
- Some patients will not have any proof of ID.
- Immigration status queries deter undocumented patients.
- Fear of being reported to the Home Office is justified.
- The universal right to health(care) is protected by international and UK law.



- Turned away from GP practices 3 times.
- Eventually registered as a temporary patient.
- 35 weeks pregnant before first antenatal appointment.

IS JOSEPHINE ENTITLED TO SECONDARY CARE?



- 1. Chargeability in depends on immigration status. 'Undocumented' migrants (incl. refused asylum seekers) are charged 150% of cost to NHS.
- 2. Charges must be paid before treatment (otherwise treatment withheld).
- 3. "Urgent or immediately necessary" treatment provided regardless of ability to pay (but billed for after).
- 4. Some services are exempt: A&E, some infectious diseases (not co-morbidities) and 'family planning' (except TOP)
 - 5. Some groups are exempt, e.g. refugees, asylum-seekers, survivors of trafficking & some types of violence (if proven), children in care, immigrant detainees...



Immigration Act 2014:

 Extended 'hostile environment' for undocumented migrants into schools, banks and the NHS.

Since 2017, there is obligatory upfront charging in:

- hospitals;
- NHS / non-NHS community health services.

Looking ahead: DoH has announced intention to charge in **primary care** and further consult on charging in **A&E.**

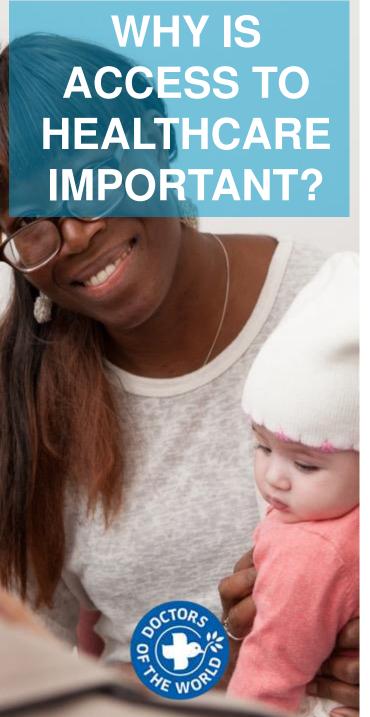


- Sharing of non-clinical patient info with Home Office is central to charging processes in hospitals.
 - Debts of £500+ reported to the Home Office after two months

 affects immigration applications.
 - Exchange of patient info as part of immigration checks.
- Even worse before MoU (2017) between the Home Office and NHS:
 - NHS Digital shared non-clinical patient information on request for immigration enforcement;
 - Finally withdrawn after wide condemnation.



Why is migrant access to healthcare important?



It's a matter of public health.

- Communicable diseases;
- Drug and alcohol treatment.

It makes financial sense.

- Prevention and early detection;
- Admin costs of checking & charging;
- Health inequalities cost.

It's enshrined in human rights law & NHS principles.

- UK is bound to "give equal access to the right to health for all persons" (CESC, art.12).
- NHS treatment "based on clinical need, not ability to pay" (1948).



'COST RECOVERY' or 'HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT'?

Cost burden of migrants is widely exaggerated.

Tiny proportion of NHS budget (DH estimate 1.83% for ALL migrants/expats)

No cost-effectiveness evidence for the charging regime.

No equality impact assessment carried out.

£107 000m

Total England NHS spend 2012-13

£1956m: Estimated cost to the NHS of EEA and non-EEA visitors, temporary migrants, students, British ex-patriots, "deliberate health tourists," and those "taking advantage"

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- ✓ Don't ask to see visa or proof of residency.
 - Understand that patients do not have to complete this section of the GMS1 form.
- ✓ Ensure lack of ID/proof of address is not a barrier.
- ✓ Use an interpreter. At reception and in consultation.
- ✓ Be aware of data-sharing fears reassure patients; consider an alternative address. E.g. address of friend, day centre or GP practice.

GOOD PRACTICE TIPS: A LUMBER OF THE CLINICIANS

- ✓ Identify U/IN care and exemptions.
- ✓ Flag up (potential) vulnerability in notes and referrals.
 Double appt. slot?
- ✓ Take a holistic approach. Consider mental health, housing advice, immigration advice, support groups.
- ✓ Inform about charges, but encourage engagement with treatment.
- ✓ Book follow up appointment. Likely to disengage with ANC.
- ✓ Share bad practice/concerns.

The Safe Surgeries initiative can support.



SAFE SURGERIES INITIATIVE



- A Safe Surgery is any GP practice which commits to taking steps to tackle the barriers to healthcare faced by migrants.
- It's a supportive national network of practices;
- It supports staff learning and skillsbuilding;
- It offers visibility and recognition;
- It supports successful CQC inspections.



THE WORKTHING GP PRACTICES IN THE BECOME A SAFE SURGERY

Sign up is easy! bit.ly/SSnewmember







We are a Safe Surgery for everyone in our

We might ask for ID or proof of address, you don't have any and you live in our pra you can still register with us.

We won't ask for immigration documents

SAFE SURGERIES

All are welcome!

Your nationality or immigration status do not affect your right to register here

We are a Safe Surgery for everyone in our practice area.

- Everyone living in England has the right to free care from a GP.
- Ask reception for an interpreter if you find it difficult to communicate in English.
- Our receptionists won't ask you about your immigration status.
- If you are worried about giving us your address, please let us know. Your information is safe with us.

WHAT CAN WE DO TO HELP?

GP practices can take concrete steps, both at reception and in consultations, to improve equity of access to their services.

- V
- Don't insist on proof of address documents
- 1
- 2 Don't insist on proof of identification
- \checkmark
- Never ask to see a visa or proof of immigration status
- \checkmark
- Make sure patients know that their personal information is safe
- V
- Use an interpreter, if needed
- Display posters to reassure patients that your surgery is a safe space
- V
- 7 Empower frontline staff with training and an inclusive registration policy





Resources

Questions

About

Login/register



MIGRANT.HEALTH

A tool for everyone in UK primary healthcare working to support new migrant patients, and a community to ask and respond to colleagues.

What are you looking for?

Q SEARCH



Need advice on supporting migrant patients or to share good ideas?

migrant.health is a free one-stop shop for healthcare professionals which demystifies complex issues.

of the top topics below, by the Topic A-Z or Country A-Z.

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Entitlements to primary



Antenatal and maternity

nts to
, care



Urgent and immediately necessary care



Social prescribing

ing

Access to healthcare



Using interpreters

5

interpreters for 'rare' languages
1 votes, 0 answers



New questions



Public Health Festival 2019 1 votes, 0 answers



Interpreters for 'rare' languages
1 votes, 0 answers

Unanswered questions



Any GP practices in the London area interested in joining the Safe Surgeries network?

-1 votes. 0 answers





- 1. <u>Safe Surgeries guidance</u> & resources.
- 2. migrant.health digital tool and Q&A.
- 3. 'Healthy London' homeless health training.
- 4. NHS England guidance on GP Registration (from p. 144).
- 5. CQC guidance on refugees, asylum seekers and vulnerable
- 6. Equality & Human Rights Commission <u>Healthcare access</u> <u>guide for people seeking asylum</u> rights-based guidance



This training resource was funded by:



Tackling poverty and inequality

For more information:

SafeSurgeries@DoctorsOfTheWorld.org.uk

bit.ly/safe-surgeries



Please complete the evaluation form: bit.ly/dotwp2p